Introduction

Mercy College is committed to providing a safe, healthy, and productive educational and work environment for its students and employees. In support of this commitment and in compliance with the Federal Drug Free Schools and Campuses Act (DFSCA), Mercy College has conducted a biennial review of its policies, procedures, educational programs, and support services related to drug and alcohol abuse and prevention.

Biennial Review Working Group

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Title IX Coordinator/Equity Compliance Specialist

Konrad Motyka
Executive Director for Campus Safety and Emergency Management
Policies and Procedures

The Mercy College Drug and Alcohol Policy is designed to support a safe, healthy, and productive educational and work environment for Mercy College students and employees. This policy contains information on rules around alcohol and drug use and possession; sanctions for violations of this policy; a list of health risks associated with alcohol and drug abuse; legal sanctions for unlawful use and possession of alcohol and drugs; and resources, on and off campus, for students and employees with questions about or who need help with alcohol and drug abuse.

The Mercy College Drug and Alcohol Policy can be found at the end of this report and on the Mercy College webpage at https://www.mercy.edu/student-support.

The Mercy College Drug and Alcohol Policy and related policies, procedures, information, and crime statistics, are reviewed, updated, and collected on an annual basis and provided in the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report at https://www.mercy.edu/campus-life/campus-safety.

Students can find additional information in the Student Handbook, which is located on the Mercy College webpage at https://www.mercy.edu/media/2021-2022-student-handbook, which includes the Code of Student Conduct, the Code of Conduct for Residential Life Students, Sanctions for Code of Student Conduct Violations, the Student Judicial Process, and the Mercy College Resource List.

The Mercy College Policy on Amnesty for Alcohol and/or Drug Use is part of the Mercy College Policy and Procedures Relating to Sexual Misconduct is as follows and can also be located at https://www.mercy.edu/about/title-ix:

Mercy College recognizes that students who have been drinking and/or using drugs at the time that sexual harassment or sexual violence occurs may be hesitant to report such incidents due to fear of potential consequences for their own conduct. Mercy College strongly encourages students to report incidents of sexual harassment or sexual violence. Therefore, a complainant or bystander acting in good faith who reports any incident of sexual harassment or sexual violence to Mercy College or law enforcement authorities will not be subject to the College’s Code of Conduct for violations of Mercy College’s Drug and Alcohol Policy occurring at or near the time of the commission of the sexual harassment or sexual violence.
Support Services and Education

A list of resources for students and employees is available in the Mercy College Drug and Alcohol Policy included in this report as an appendix.

Students in need of assistance with respect to questions or personal problems regarding alcohol or other drugs should contact the Student Counseling Center at 914-888-5150 or email CounselingCenter@mercy.edu. Mercy College has also partnered with BetterMynd, an online therapy platform for college students, with services available 7 days a week with evening and weekend appointments available. Additional information is available at https://www.mercy.edu/student-support/counseling-services.

Mercy College provides two online education modules for students, one for alcohol and the other for marijuana. Both online modules are available on the Mercy College website within the Health and Wellness Center page:

e-CHUG: The electronic “Check-Up to Go” is a brief, self-assessment that provides students with accurate, detailed and personalized feedback on their use of alcohol, and specific information and helpful resources in the Mercy College community.

e-TOKE: The electronic “THC Online Knowledge Experience” is a brief, self-assessment that provides students with accurate, detailed and personalized feedback on their use of marijuana, and specific information and helpful resources in the Mercy College community.

Residence Life provides posters and handouts to students with information on the drug and alcohol policy and related services.

Employees in need of assistance with respect to questions or personal problems regarding alcohol or other drugs should contact their health insurance provider, the (EAP) Employee Assistance Program (ComPsych at 1-800-864-3577), or the Office of Human Resources for information, including information on treatment facilities. All requests for information relating to alcohol or drug abuse will remain confidential. It is the employee’s responsibility to seek assistance from the EAP prior to reaching a point where the employee’s judgment, performance, or behavior has led to imminent disciplinary action. Participation in the EAP after the disciplinary process has begun may not preclude disciplinary actions up to and including termination of employment.

A free, online webinar is available for employees and managers on dealing with drug and alcohol abuse in the workplace. Anyone who is interested in taking the webinar, can contact Human Resources for details at HR@mercy.edu.
Assessment and Recommendation

1. As part of this review process, The Mercy College Policy on Alcohol and Drug Use was updated in August of 2021 and approved by the Non-Academic Policy Advisory Council. This update combined the student and employee information into one document to enhance consistency and accessibility. The policy was also updated to reflect recent changes to the New York State laws on marijuana possession and use.

It is recommended that the policy continue to be reviewed and updated as needed at least every two years or sooner if related laws change.

2. Related policies and procedures are reviewed on an annual basis and as needed based on legal and regulatory changes. These policies include the Code of Student Conduct.

It is recommended that this practice continue.

3. Students are notified about the Mercy College Drug and Alcohol Policy and any related policies, procedures, and services at the start of each semester through distribution of the student handbook, emails from student life, new student orientation, and residence hall orientations.

It is recommended that this practice continue, and additional means of communication be continued and explored, including social media, posters, and fliers/brochures.

4. Employees are notified in writing about the Mercy College Drug and Alcohol Policy and any related policies, procedures, and services each calendar year and during new employee orientation.

It is recommended that the policy notification be sent to employees in late January of each calendar year to help ensure consistent and timely annual notification, and that new employees continue to be provided with this information as part of new employee orientation.

5. The biennial review is designed to be published and accessible to the Mercy College community.

It is recommended that students and employees be notified about the publication of each biennial review by e-mail and that the report be made available on the college website.

6. Feedback on the Mercy College Drug and Alcohol Policy and any related policies, procedures, and services is considered important and will help in developing programs and support resources.
It is recommended that when students and employees are provided with notice of the policy and related policies, procedures, and services, that they be given contact information to share feedback and suggestions.

7. Educational programs and services related to drug and alcohol abuse prevention and treatment are important for students and employees.

It is recommended that a list of all student and employee programmi on alcohol and drug abuse prevention and treatment be maintained by Student Affairs and Human Resources respectively, and that feedback is requested from students and employees regarding these programs to help develop future programming. The eCHEKCUP TO GO program provides this data.

8. Quantitative data on violations of the Mercy College Policy on Alcohol and Drug Use, related policies, educational programming, and support services is helpful in determining the effectiveness of these policies, programs, and services, as well as in identifying challenges needing special attention.

It is recommended that data on violations of the Mercy College Policy on Alcohol and Drug Use, related policies, educational programming, and support services continue to be collected and analyzed. This data would not include any identifying information and be used solely for the purposes of assessing, enhancing, and adding programs and services.

Additional Information

Anyone who wants additional information on or has feedback regarding the contents of this report is encouraged to contact any member of the Biennial Review Working Group.

Appendix/Appendices

The Mercy College Policy on Alcohol and Drug Use
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Policy Name:</th>
<th>Policy on Drugs and Alcohol</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Associated Form(s):</td>
<td>N/A</td>
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<tr>
<td>Approval Authority:</td>
<td>President</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Responsible Executive(s):</td>
<td>Vice President for Finance, Vice President for Student Affairs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Responsible Office(s):</td>
<td>Office of Human Resources, Office of Student Affairs</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
POLICY STATEMENT

Mercy College is committed to providing a safe, healthy, and productive educational and work environment for its students and employees. In furtherance of this goal and in keeping with the requirements of the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act and the Drug-Free Workplace Act, all students and employees are required to abide by the Mercy College Drug and Alcohol Policy. Individuals who violate this policy are subject to disciplinary sanctions including suspension and expulsion for students, and discharge for employees. Recognizing that drug and alcohol abuse are serious health concerns, this policy includes support resources for students and employees.

DISTRIBUTION OF THIS POLICY

All students are provided with a copy of this policy in the Student Handbook for each academic year. Students with questions regarding this policy, its administration, or issues related to drug or alcohol use should raise their concerns with the Office of Community Standards and Conduct without fear of reprisal at (914) 888-5173.

All employees are provided with a copy of this policy upon hire for signature indicating their acknowledgement of having received, read and understood the policy. A copy of this policy is in the Employee Handbook, is sent to all employees on an annual basis. Employees with questions regarding this policy, its administration, or issues related to drug or alcohol use should raise their concerns with the Office of Human Resources without fear of reprisal at (914) 674-7389.

ILLEGAL DRUGS AND DRUG PARAPHERNALIA

The possession, use, manufacturing, selling, or distribution of illegal drugs or drug paraphernalia, as well as marijuana, is prohibited on all Mercy College property, in any Residential Area (which includes the Mercy College Residence Hall and any off-campus locations used for student housing) and at any off-campus College activity or event. The term illegal drug includes, without limitation, prescription medications or other drugs that are being used, possessed or distributed illegally. Such conduct may also violate a number of state and federal criminal laws that may subject violators to fines or terms of imprisonment.

In addition to marijuana being prohibited on any of Mercy’s campuses or at any Mercy events, in the State of New York, it is illegal for any person under the age of 21 to possess or consume marijuana. It is also illegal to obtain or use false or fraudulent proof of age obtained for the purposes of purchasing or consuming marijuana, to misrepresent one’s age or the age of another as being 21 or over, or to drive while ability impaired under or over the age of 21.

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

In the State of New York, it is illegal for any person under the age of 21 to possess or consume alcohol. It is also illegal to obtain or use false or fraudulent proof of age obtained for the purposes of purchasing or consuming alcohol, to misrepresent one’s age or the age of another as being 21 or over, to drive while ability impaired or while intoxicated, or to drink and drive under or over the age of 21.

The possession, use, manufacturing, selling, or distribution of alcoholic beverages is prohibited on all Mercy College property, in any Residential Area (which includes the Mercy College Residence

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Hall and any off-campus locations used for student housing), and at any off-campus College activity or event. The College recognizes, however, that there may be activities and events where the College, or schools, departments or divisions may wish to serve alcohol for those employees, and in rare cases, students 21 years of age or older, to consume in a responsible manner. In such cases, the department, division, or organization sponsoring the activity is responsible for enforcing strict adherence to New York State Alcohol Beverage Control Laws and other laws of the State of New York. Any person or organization on campus who wants to serve alcohol at an event attended by students needs to consult with the Vice President for Student Affairs to ensure appropriate guidelines are followed, to include checking IDs for age, setting a drink minimum, and providing food and non-alcohol beverages.

These guidelines are intended to discourage the irresponsible distribution and consumption of alcoholic beverages as well as underage access to alcoholic beverages. Students and employees have the personal responsibility of discouraging drunkenness. Also, at certain College-sponsored events, the responsible use of alcohol on campus in moderation by persons who are not students at the College, and who are of legal drinking age, will be permitted.

REPORTING VIOLATIONS

Any employee or student who knows or believes that a violation of the Mercy College Drug and Alcohol Policy has taken place may file a complaint with the Office of Community Standards and Student Conduct or the Office of Human Resources.

VIOLATIONS AND SANCTIONS FOR STUDENTS

In the case of a student, allegations of violation of this policy will be investigated and adjudicated in accordance with the disciplinary procedures set out in the Student Handbook.

DRUG VIOLATIONS AND SANCTIONS FOR STUDENTS

As noted above, the possession, use, or distribution of illegal drugs, as well as marijuana, or drug paraphernalia is prohibited on all Mercy College property, in any Residential Area (which includes the Mercy College Residence Hall and the off-campus hotels) and at any off-campus College activity or event. Such conduct violates College policy, and may also violate a number of state and federal criminal laws that may subject violators to fines or terms of imprisonment. See Section VIII below for criminal penalties.

Mercy Code of Conduct

At Mercy, violations of the Illegal Drugs and Drug Paraphernalia policy include, but are not limited to, the following behaviors by students:

Level I: (a) Possession or use of drug paraphernalia. Drug paraphernalia includes, but is not limited to: roach clips, bongs, pipes, and hookahs. Minimum of a $25.00 fine, assigned community service, or a combination thereof, and letter of reprimand for a Level I illegal drugs/drug paraphernalia violation.

Level II: (a) Possession or use of illegal drugs, including marijuana, or (b) the second instance of a Level I violation. Minimum $100.00 fine, assigned community service, illegal substance
education module, E-Toke, or a combination thereof, and disciplinary probation for a Level II drug violation.

**Level III:** (a) The third or more instance of a Level I violation, or (b) the second or more instance of a Level II violation. Minimum $200.00 fine, assigned community service, illegal substance education module, E-Toke, or a combination thereof, and disciplinary probation for a Level III drug violation.

**Level IV:** (a) Sale, manufacture or distribution of illegal drugs, including marijuana, or (b) the second instance of a Level III violation. Minimum $300.00 fine and removal from housing and/or suspension or expulsion from the College for a Level IV drug violation.

Upon finding credible evidence of the above listed violations by any student, the College will take appropriate disciplinary action, as set out in the Student Handbook, and may impose sanctions up to and including probation, suspension, or expulsion. Mercy College will also cooperate fully with law enforcement agencies in the investigation and prosecution of drug-related crimes that occur on College premises or at College-related events and activities or that otherwise affect the College community.

Mercy College has the obligation to protect the interests and rights of students as well as those of the College community as a whole. At the same time, the College understands that drug abuse may be a symptom of deeper personal and emotional problems. The College may also offer assistance to students in such circumstances and emphasizes the reciprocal responsibility of the individual to seek such help. See Section X. below for available resources.

**Financial Aid Implications**

Students will be ineligible for financial aid if they are convicted of an offense under federal or state law involving possession or sale of a controlled substance, provided that the conduct occurred while the student was enrolled and receiving federal financial aid. Ineligibility for financial aid will run from the date of conviction for the following periods: (a) for drug possession: a first offense carries a one-year disqualification, a second offense carries a two-year disqualification, and a third offense makes the student ineligible indefinitely, and (b) for sale of a controlled substance: a first offense carries a two-year disqualification, and a second offense makes the student ineligible indefinitely.

A student can regain eligibility by successfully completing an approved drug rehabilitation program.

**ALCOHOL VIOLATIONS AND SANCTIONS FOR STUDENTS**

Students have the personal responsibility of discouraging drunkenness. In the State of New York, it is illegal for any person under the age of 21 to possess or consume alcohol. It is also illegal to obtain or use false or fraudulent proof of age obtained for the purpose of purchasing or consuming alcohol, to misrepresent one’s age or the age of another as being 21 or over for purposes of purchasing or consuming alcohol, to drive while ability impaired or while intoxicated, or to drink and drive under or over the age of 21. Any such conduct by a student, which is brought to the attention of a College official, will be treated as a violation of this policy.
Violations involving alcohol by students of the Mercy College Drug and Alcohol Policy include, but are not limited to, the following behaviors:

**Level I:** Student is found in the presence of alcohol or empty alcohol containers in any campus location, including any Residential Area. Minimum of a $25 fine, assigned community service, or a combination thereof, and letter of reprimand for a Level I alcohol violation.

**Level II:** (a) Possession or consumption of alcohol in any campus location, including any Residential Area, (b) presence at or hosting of a large or disruptive gathering where alcohol is present, or (c) the second instance of a Level I violation. Minimum of a $100.00 fine, assigned community service or a combination thereof, completion of an alcohol education module, and disciplinary probation for a Level II alcohol violation.

**Level III:** (a) Visible intoxication in any campus location, including any Residential Area, (b) participation in or presence at contests involving the consumption of alcohol or the possession of any paraphernalia related to such contests, including the playing of water pong, when alcohol is also found in the student’s room at the time of water pong activity, or (c) the second instance of a Level II violation. Minimum of a $200.00 fine, assigned community service, or a combination thereof, completion of an alcohol education module, disciplinary probation and possible notice to student’s parents for a Level III alcohol violation.

**Level IV:** (a) Possession of kegs, grain alcohol or common source containers, (b) possession or use of funnels, (c) the third instance of a Level II violation, or (d) the second instance of a Level III violation. Minimum of a $300.00 fine, assigned community service, one (1) year disciplinary probation, possible removal from the Residential Area, possible suspension or expulsion from the College, possible notice to the student’s parents, or mandatory attendance in an alcohol awareness class for a Level IV alcohol violation.

Upon finding credible evidence of the above listed violations by any student, the College will take appropriate disciplinary action, as set out in the Student Handbook, and may impose sanctions up to and including probation, suspension or expulsion. Mercy College will also cooperate fully with law enforcement agencies in the investigation and prosecution of drug-related crimes that occur on College premises or at College-related events and activities or that otherwise affect the College community.

**VIOLATIONS AND SANCTIONS FOR EMPLOYEES**

Mercy College has a vital interest in ensuring a drug-free, safe, and healthy workplace for our employees in the provision of quality services to fulfill the college mission. The unlawful presence of controlled substances in the workplace conflicts with these vital interests and contributes a violation of the community trust.

Employees may not use, possess, or be under the influence of illegal drugs, marijuana and/or alcohol at work on Mercy College premises or while conducting business related activities elsewhere. The use, possession, manufacture, distribution, and/or selling of alcohol, marijuana or illegal drugs is strictly prohibited on Mercy property and/or when on official business.
Employees may not come to work under the influence of alcohol, marijuana or drugs even if consumed off premises.

If an employee is required to take a controlled substance for medical reasons that presents symptoms of intoxication or impairment, the employee will be required to provide appropriate documentation from a physician to the Office of Human Resources. If, in the judgement of the Office of Human Resources in consultation with the employee’s supervisor, the employee cannot adequately perform the functions of their job, the employee will be sent home until the employee can demonstrate that they are able to perform the essential functions of their job.

Employees suspected of being under the influence of a controlled substance, marijuana or alcohol may be required to submit to a drug/alcohol screening and if such screening confirms the suspicion, they will be relieved of duty and face disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Employees convicted of the sale or possession of an illegal substance while employed by Mercy College will be terminated. Under the Drug-Free Workplace Act, an employee who performs work for a government contract or grant must notify Mercy College of any criminal conviction for drug-related activity occurring in the workplace. The report must be made within five days of the conviction.

HEALTH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH ALCOHOL ABUSE AND THE ILLEGAL USE OF DRUGS

Mercy College has an obligation to protect the interests and rights of students and employees. The College understands that drug abuse may be a symptom of deeper personal and emotional problems. The College may also offer assistance to students and employees in such circumstances and emphasizes the reciprocal responsibility of the individual to seek such help.

The health consequences of alcohol and substance abuse may be immediate and unpredictable, such as fatalities associated with alcohol and drug overdoses, or more long-term, such as liver and brain damage associated with the prolonged use of alcohol. The following are some of the health consequences of alcohol and other drug use:

**Alcohol**: Short-term effects include depressed central nervous system, impeded attention and memory, impaired judgment, impaired vision, impairment of other senses, irregular sleep, impaired driving, unconsciousness, and, with excessive use, death. Long-term effects of heavy use include damage to the liver, heart and pancreas, irritation of the gastrointestinal system, high blood pressure, oral cancer, malnutrition and nutritional deficiencies and lowered resistance to disease. Use during pregnancy can cause severe damage to the developing fetus.

**Depressants**: Short-term effects include depressed central nervous system, mildly impaired coordination, impaired judgment and short-term memory, impaired driving, and reduced anxiety/lethargy. In high doses, short-term effects can include irregular breathing, impaired reflexes, coma and death. Long-term effects of heavy use include disturbed sleep, chronic fatigue, anxiety, restlessness and depression, slower reflexes and impaired coordination, reduced sex drive and/or impotence, menstrual irregularities, hostility and mood swings and cross-tolerance to other depressants. Use during pregnancy can harm the developing fetus.
**Hallucinogens**: Because some of these substances are synthetic, they may be particularly potent and may contain impurities. Short-term effects include changes in perception, mood, thought and brain function, loss of judgment, disorientation, mild confusion and/or hallucinations, visual disturbances, increased heart rate, blood pressure and body temperature, nausea, vomiting and/or abdominal discomfort. In high doses, some hallucinogens can cause death. Over the long term, heavy use can precipitate severe psychotic episodes. In addition, flashbacks can occur spontaneously. Their effects during pregnancy are not fully understood.

**Opiates**: Short-term effects include impaired driving. Higher doses can cause drowsiness, sedation, dizziness or euphoria. Some may have a stimulating effect, with increased heart rate, blood pressure, tremors and seizures. Very high doses can cause decreased heart rate and blood pressure, muscle contraction, cyanosis and death. Over the long term, heavy use can result in impaired vision, chronic constipation, a higher risk of pulmonary complications, and mood swings. Needle use can lead to abscesses, collapsed veins and infections. Use during pregnancy can harm a developing fetus and create a higher risk of premature birth, miscarriage and stillbirth.

**Marijuana**: Short-term effects are the same as many of the short-term effects of depressants, stimulants and hallucinogens. They can include impaired judgment, short-term memory loss, impaired intellectual performance, reddening of eyes, sensory distortion, impaired coordination, drowsiness, and impaired driving. Short-term use can also aggravate pre-existing heart problems and mental health problems. Over the long term, effects include respiratory damage, impairment of memory and concentration and interference with the physical, psychological and social development of young users. The effect of daily use during pregnancy may cause problems in the developing fetus, but the effect is not fully known.

**Stimulants**: Short-term effects include impaired driving, impaired judgment, rapid breathing, increased heart rate and palpitations, anxiety, restlessness, hostility, paranoia and confusion, and visual and auditory hallucinations. Overdose can lead to death. Over the long term, use of stimulants can cause severe anxiety and paranoia, impaired coordination, tremors, high blood pressure, malnutrition, chronic sleeplessness, and damage to internal organs, such as the brain, heart, lung, liver and kidneys. Chronic use can lead to death. Use during pregnancy can cause damage to the developing fetus.

**LEGAL SANCTIONS**

Federal and New York State laws make it a criminal offense to manufacture, distribute, dispense, possess with intent to distribute, or simply possess a controlled substance. Such substances include but are not necessarily limited to heroin, cocaine, methamphetamine, ecstasy, LSD, PCP, and a number of common pharmaceutical drugs if unlawfully obtained. The sanctions for violation of these laws, ranging from community service and monetary fines to life imprisonment, depend upon the particular offense, the drug type, and the drug quantity. Students convicted under these statutes may also forfeit federal financial aid eligibility.

An individual need not be in actual physical possession of a controlled substance to be guilty of a crime. The unlawful presence of a controlled substance in an automobile is presumptive evidence of knowing possession of such substance by each passenger unless the substance is concealed on the person of one of the occupants. Similarly, the presence of certain substances in plain view in a room can sometimes be presumptive evidence of knowing possession of such substance by anyone in close proximity.
Further, pursuant to New York State law:

Any person under age 21 who is found to be in possession of alcohol with the intent to consume it may be punished by a fine and/or required to complete an alcohol awareness program and/or to provide up to 30 hours of community service. Alcoholic Beverage Control Law, § 65-c.

Giving or selling an alcoholic beverage to a person less than age 21 is a class A misdemeanor punishable by a sentence of imprisonment of up to one year. Penal Law § 260.20.

Any person who operates a motor vehicle while intoxicated or while his ability to operate such vehicle is impaired by the consumption of alcohol or drugs, is subject to suspension or revocation of driving privileges in the State, monetary fines up to $1,000, and imprisonment for up to one year. Vehicle and Traffic Law § 1192.

A person under 21 who presents false written evidence of age for the purpose of purchasing or attempting to purchase any alcoholic beverage may be punished by a fine, community service and/or completion of an alcohol awareness program. Alcoholic Beverage Control Law § 65- b(1). Possessing such false evidence may also be criminal possession of a forged instrument, which is a felony in New York, punishable by a fine of up to $5000, imprisonment up to 7 years, or both. Penal Law § 170.25.

Appearing in public under the influence of narcotics or a drug other than alcohol to the degree that a person may endanger him or her or other persons or property, or annoy persons in his vicinity, is a violation, punishable by a fine and imprisonment up to 15 days. Penal Law § 240.40.

RESOURCES FOR HELP WITH DRUG AND ALCOHOL ABUSE

STUDENT RESOURCES

Students in need of assistance with respect to questions or personal problems regarding alcohol or other drugs should contact the Counseling Center located at the Dobbs Ferry Campus in Main Hall, Room 108. The center is open weekdays from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Short-term personal counseling and crisis intervention are available for alcohol and substance abuse, and counselors can refer students to licensed professionals who can provide alcohol and substance abuse treatment or recovery information. Students may meet with counseling staff on the Dobbs Ferry, Bronx, or Manhattan campus. To schedule an appointment with a counselor, students can email and/or call the Counseling Center Main number (all campuses) at (914) 888-5150 or counselingcenter@mercy.edu.

Mercy provides two online education modules for students, one for alcohol and the other for marijuana. Both online modules are available on the Mercy College website within the Health and Wellness Center page:

e-CHUG: The electronic “Check-Up to Go” is a brief, self-assessment that provides you with accurate, detailed and personalized feedback on your use of alcohol, and specific information and helpful resources in the Mercy College community. http://interwork.sdsu.edu/echeckup/usa/alc/coll/mercy

e-TOKE: The electronic “THC Online Knowledge Experience” is a brief, self-assessment that provides you with accurate, detailed and personalized feedback on your use of marijuana, and
specific information and helpful resources in the Mercy College community.
http://interwork.sdsu.edu/echeckup/usa/mj/coll/mercy

The e-CHUG program must be completed by all Residential students in order to be cleared to move into the Residence Halls. All student athletes are required to complete the module as well. Students who are found to be in violation of alcohol policies must complete the e-CHUG module as a part of the sanctions for the violation.

The e-TOKE module is used as an education sanction for students who are found to be in violation of illegal substance policies pertaining to the use of marijuana specifically.

EMPLOYEE RESOURCES

Employees who need help in dealing with alcohol or drug abuse should contact their health insurance provider, the (EAP) Employee Assistance Program (ComPsych at 1-800-864-3577) or the Office of Human Resources for information, including information on treatment facilities. All requests for information relating to alcohol or drug abuse will remain confidential. It is the employee’s responsibility to seek assistance from the EAP prior to reaching a point where his or her judgment, performance, or behavior has led to imminent disciplinary action. Participation in the EAP after the disciplinary process has begun may not preclude disciplinary actions up to and including termination of employment.

COMMUNITY RESOURCES FOR STUDENTS AND EMPLOYEES

The following list contains confidential resources for anyone seeking information on alcohol and substance abuse prevention, education, counseling and treatment referrals.

New York State Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services Hot Line: 1-877-846-7369 or text HOPENY (467369)

New York City Drug and Alcohol Use Services: 1-888-NYC-WELL (1-888-692-9355)

Westchester County Department of Community Mental Health, Office of Alcohol and Substance Abuse: 1-914-995-5220

The Alcoholism Council of New York Help Line: 1-212-252-7022

Alcoholics Anonymous: 1-212-647-1680 or www.nyintergroup.org

Cocaine Anonymous: 1-877-958-8012 or www.canewyork.org

Narcotics Anonymous: 1-212-929-6262 or www.na.org

LIFENET Mental Health Association of NYC: 1-800-LIFENET (1-800-543-3638) or www.mhanys.org

Pills Anonymous: 1-212-874-0700

AMNESTY FOR ALCOHOL AND DRUG USE

The health and safety of every student at Mercy College is of the utmost importance. Mercy College recognizes that students who have been drinking and/or using drugs at the time that sexual harassment or sexual violence occurs may be hesitant to report such incidents due to fear of
potential consequences for their own conduct. Mercy College strongly encourages students to report incidents of sexual harassment or sexual violence. Therefore, a complainant or bystander acting in good faith who reports any incident of sexual harassment or sexual violence to Mercy College or law enforcement authorities will not be subject to the College’s Code of Conduct for violations of Mercy’s Drug and Alcohol Policy occurring at or near the time of the commission of the sexual harassment or sexual violence. The law does not protect those who sell or distribute controlled substances, have open warrants or who violate parole or probation.

The New York State 911 Good Samaritan Law allows people to call 911 without fear of arrest if they are having a drug or alcohol overdose that requires emergency medical care or if they witness someone overdosing. The law does not protect those who sell or distribute controlled substances, have open warrants or who violate parole or probation.